Module 8

Skills of Leadership

A Review of the Module

Module 8 introduces models, tools and techniques that will enable adults to be effective leaders of other adults and of young people.

DEESIDE

adult / training

Key Objectives

There are eight objectives for this module.

- 1. Describe and discuss a systematic approach to planning.
- 2. Apply systematic planning to any future activity.
- 3. Analyse the functions of leadership in terms of;
 - the task to be done and actions to assist it
 - actions to assist group cohesion
 - actions to meet the needs of individuals within the group.
- 4. Recognise leadership roles being exercised in the group and how

- the leadership function can be shared between members of the group.
- Identify the range of leadership styles and situations in which different styles may be appropriate.
- 6. Identify their own predominant or preferred style of operation.
- 7. Evaluate the effect on the group of the leader operating in different styles.
- Identify how the leadership skills of adults and young people may be developed.



How to use this review sheet:

- This sheet is NOT an alternative to Module 8 training.
- It can be used by Training Advisers to help decide if training is required.
- It can be used as a review for those who have attended or completed Module 8 training.

December 2009

Factsheets

FS 140031 The Skills of Leadership FS 140093: Leadership Styles FS 310514 Motivation of Leaders

Validation Criteria

To validate this module the learner will need to complete TWO of the following:

- 1) Use a systematic planning tool to complete a task, provide evidence of your use of the tool and discuss your experience with a Training Adviser.
- 2) Explain the Action-Centred Leadership model and apply it to an activity which you have run recently
- 3) Using a questionnaire, or similar tool, identify your preferred leadership style, and how it impacts on your role
- in Scouting. Reflect on the four different leadership styles and consider how they inform your working in your Section or Group Leadership Team.
- 4) Produce evidence showing how you have led an event or activity during which your leadership style changed a number of times.
- 5) Run a game or activity to develop leadership skills in young people or adults.
- 6) Any other ideas, subject to agreement with a Training Adviser.

Systematic Planning (DOOR)

Decide:

- What is needed or wanted?
- What do you want to achieve?
- When is it required?

Organise (ARTS):

- Activity
- Resources
- Timescale
- Skills

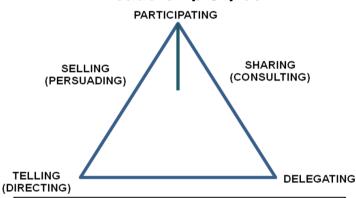
Operate (Do it!)

Review

- Did you achieve your objectives?
- How did it go?
- What did you learn?
- What is the next DOOR?

Planning is a way of transferring ideas efficiently and effectively into action.

Leadership Styles



When to Use Different Styles

Telling style:

when group members lack knowledge, skills or experience

Delegating style:

if the team member knows more than you do about the task

Participating style:

with group members who understand the objectives and their role in the task

Team Leaders and Managers

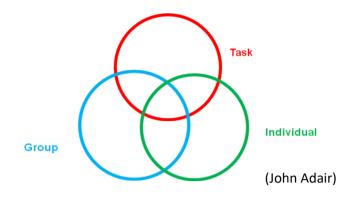
Team Leader

- Part of the team
- Responsible for the programme
- Directs the team
- Motivates the team
- Reports to management

Manager

- Outside the team
- Resources the team
- Sets targets/goals/vision
- Measures success
- Responsible for growth

Action-Centred Leadership



The Task

- · What is it?
- How is it to be achieved?
- Is there an "objective"?
- How detailed does planning have to be?
- Is there a time limit?
- Is there provision for monitoring/modifying the plan?
- Does a review take place?

The Group

- "Ownership" of the activity
- Group participation in planning
- Shared direction
- Team work all involved/motivated?
- Co-ordination
- Encouragement

The Individual

- Awareness of the role and responsibility
- Understanding of nature of task/activity
- Special needs accommodated?
- Possibility of progress/development

"Leadership is not something you are born with ...and it can't be awarded or appointed it must be cultivated."

Leadership Skills in Young People

- Set an example
- Teach collaboration
- Encourage decision-making
- Break tasks into manageable chunks
- Get them to:
 - Communicate effectively
 - Consider other people's needs
 - Be prepared to accept when they are wrong

"Before we can help others fulfil their potentials ...we must realise our own."

Identify your Leadership Style:

https://www.verywell.com/whats-your-leadership-style-3866929